1





THE HEALTH

OF

DODVORTH

1963



THE HEALTH OF

D O D W O R T H

being the

ANNUAL REPORT

of the

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

and

PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

for the year

1963



I N D E X

			Page
SECTION	I	Natural and Social Conditions and Statistics	1
SECTION	II	General Provision of the Health Services in the Area	5
SECTION	III	Prevalence and Control of Infectious Diseases	7
SECTION	IV	Report of the Chief Public Health Inspector	9
SECTION	V	Divisional Report	1 9



PUBLIC HEALTH COMMITTEE

Chairman of the Council:

Councillor J. Collins, JP.

Chairman of the Public Health Committee:

Councillor D. Hanson.

Councillors:

W. Armitage, B.E.M.,

E. Armfield,

J. Collins,

H. Hepworth,
D. Hawksworth,
S. Illingsworth, J.P., C.C.,

B.E.M.,

D. Hanson,

G. H. Mason,

C. H. G. Phillips,

E. Lodge, J. Woffenden, H. Sykes.

PUBLIC HEALTH STAFF

Medical Officer of Health:

R. Barnes, M.A., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H.

Deputy Medical Officer of Health:

E. J. Desmond, M.B., D.P.H. (resigned October, 1963)
C. G. Oddy, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H. (appointed December, 1963)

Public Health Inspector:

R. Seeds, M.R.S.H., M.A.P.H.I.

Health Visitor:

Mrs. M. Tullie, S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V. Cert.

Senior Clerk, Divisional Health Office:

L. S. Wrigg.



DODWORTH URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL

Divisional Health Office,

33 Queens Road,

BARNSLEY.

30th November, 1964.

ANNUAL REPORT for the year ended 31st December, 1963.

To: The Chairman and Members of the DODWORTH URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL

Mr. Chairman, Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present to you my eighth Annual Report on the health and social conditions of your area for the year ended 31st December, 1963.

The birth rate was very slightly increased, but still well below the average for England and Wales and even for the Division as a whole. There was a substantial drop in the death rate, giving an adjusted rate of 12.7, compared with 12.2 per 1,000 for England and Wales. There was a high infant mortality rate, but explanation of this will be found in the text.

Perhaps the most significant event during the year was when the general practitioner in the village came to share joint accommodation at the local health authority clinic. This clinic is obviously not a health centre as envisaged by Section 21 of the National Health Service Act, but it marks a degree of co-operation which exists between the two branches of the service when they come together under one roof. I am sure that this can do nothing but good for our staff and for the doctor involved and last, but not least, the patient will have the advantage of even better co-ordination between the services. I would like to think that this type of arrangement is more practical in present day conditions than the large formal health centre envisaged in the Act.

I would like to take this opportunity to thank members of the Council for their continued interest in all matters relating to the health of the district. I would also like to place on record my appreciation of Mr. Seeds' loyalty and co-operation.

I am,

Your Obedient Servant,

R. BARNES,

Medical Officer of Health.



URBAN DISTRICT OF DODWORTH SECTION I

Statistics and Social Conditions:

Area	• • • •	• •	ه ه	• •	. •	c 9	o n	۰ ۰	1,875	acres
Population (Census	1931)	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	0 .	4, 245	
Population (Census	1951)	a ·	6 9	o 6	• •	0 •	n ø	0 0	4,262	
Population (Census	1961)	0 0	• 0	• •	• •	• •	0 •	• •	4,120	
Registrar General's	s estimat	te o:	f pol	pula	tion	mid	196	3	4,110	
No. of inhabited ho	ouses at	31s	t Dec	cemb	er,	1963		v e	1,348	
Rateable Value at	31st Dece	embe:	r, 19	963	0 0	• •	• •	• 0	£97,140	
Nett product of a	Penny Rat	te 19	963/	54	• •	• •	• •	0 0	£376,758	

Coal mining and agriculture are the principal occupations of the inhabitants of the district.

VITAL STATISTICS

Population

The Registrar General's estimate of population at mid 1963 was 4,110 compared with 4,120 for the previous year. The natural increase of population showing the number of births over deaths was 23 compared with 7 in 1962.

Live Births

					Males	Females	TOTAL
Legitimate	• • • •	6 6	o •	• •	28	35	63
Illegitimate	• • • •	00	• •	• •	-		and a
	TOTAL	• •	• •	• •	28	35	63

The number of live births registered was 2 more than in 1962. There were no illegitimate births compared with 6 in the previous year.

As for the previous year the Registrar General supplied a comparability factor, which relates the proportion of women of child-bearing age in the district, with the proportion in a standard population. The crude birth rate multiplied by this factor gives and adjusted birth rate which is strictly comparable with similar adjusted rates in other districts, and with the birth rate for the country as a whole. The adjusted birth rate for your district was 14.7 per 1,000 estimated population as compared with 14.5 per 1,000 estimated population for the previous year and with 18.2 per 1,000 estimated population for England and Wales.



Stillbirths and Peri-Natal Mortality

Four stillbirths were recorded, giving a stillbirth rate of 59.7 compared with 31.7 in the previous year, and with 17.3 for England and Wales. This, once again, illustrates how very small fluctuations can affect the statistical rates, and this is even more evident when we consider peri-natal mortality, which includes the infant deaths in the first week of life. This figure for Dodworth was 89.6, the highest in the County.

Deaths

The adjusted death rate obtained by multiplying the crude death rate by the comparability factor was 12.7 compared with 18.5 in 1962. This compares with 12.2 per 1,000 population for England and Wales. The number of deaths was 40, 14 fewer than in the previous year. Statistics relating to ages and causes of death are given in tabular form at the end of the section.

Infant Mortality

There were two infant deaths, twins, both dying of prematurity, one at 50 minutes and one at 8 hours. These two deaths raise your infant mortality to 31.7% compared with Nil in the previous year and 20.9% for England and Wales. The illegitimate infant death rate was Nil.

A Comparison of Infant Death Rates for Dodworth and England and Wales for the years 1954-1963

Year	Dodworth	England and Wales
1954	18.2	25.5
1955	0.0	24.9
1956	0.0	23.8
1957	16.1	23.0
1958	29.9	22.5
1959	0.0	22.0
1960	17.5	21.7
1961	13.5	21.4
1962	0.0	21.4

Total of Births and Deaths in Dodworth for the years 1954 - 1963

Year	No. of Births	No. of Deaths
1954 1955 1956 1957 1958 1959 1960 1961 1962	55 50 67 62 67 64 67 74 61 63	48 45 25 45 45 46 46 47 54 40

Maternal Mortality

There were no deaths from maternal causes.



PRINCIPAL VITAL STATISTICS FOR THE YEAR 1963

				
	Dodworth Urban District	Aggregate W. Riding Urban Districts	West Riding Admin. County	England and Wales (provisional figures)
Birth rate per 1,000 est. population: Crude	15.3 14.7	17.9 18.4	18.2 18.3	18.2 18.2
Death Rate per 1,000 est. population: Crude Adjusted	9•7 12•7	12.7 13.6	12.0 13.3	12.2 12.2
Infective and Parasitic diseases excluding Tuberculosis but including Venereal Disease		0.05	0.04	Not available
Tuberculosis: Respiratory Other All forms	- - -	0.06 0.01 0.07	0.06 0.01 0.06	0.06 0.01 0.06
Cancer	1.70	2,04	1. 94	2.18
Vascular lesions of the nervous system	1.22	2. 02	1.85	Not available
Heart and circulatory disease	3.41	4.8	4.53	Not available
Respiratory diseases	1.22	1.72	1.57	Not available
Maternal Mortality		0.5	0.45	0.28
Infant Mortality	31.7	22.8	23.0	20.9
Stillbirths	59•7	19.2	18.7	17.3



CAUSES OF DEATH IN AGE GROUPS

	Under 1	1-	5-	15-	25-	35-	45-	55-	65-	75+	Male	TOTAL Female
Malignant Neoplasm Stomach									1		1	_
Malignant Neoplasm Breast									1		-	1
Other Malignant Neoplasms								1	1	2	3	1
Laukaemia - Aleukaemia					1			4			1	
Vascular Lesions of Nervous System								1	2	2	1	4
Coronary Disease Angina								2	3	4	4	5
Other heart disease										. 4	1	3
Other circulatory disease									1		-	1
Bronchitis								1	2	2	4	1
Hyperplasia of Prostate										1	1	
Other defined and ill-defined diseases	2.				1				1	2	1	5
All other accidents										1	-	1
Suicide									1		-	1
TOTAL	2	-	-		2	-	-	5	13	18	17	23



SUCTION II

GENERAL PROVISION OF THE HEALTH SERVICES IN THE AREA

The Medical Officer of Health is a part-time officer of the Council, but is engaged on whole-time Public Health work, being also Medical Officer of Health for the surrounding districts and the Divisional Medical Officer for Division No. 25 of the West Riding County Council. One Public Health Inspector is employed by the Council, he also undertakes the duties of the Surveyor.

General Hospitals

The general hospitals serving your district and administered through the Sheffield Regional Hospital Board are given below:

- 1. The United Group Hospitals, Sheffield.
- 2. The Beckett Hospital, Barnsley.
- 3. The St. Helen Hospital, Barnsley.
- 4. Mount Vernon Hospital, Barnsley.
- 5. Moorgate General Hospital, Rotherham.

Infectious Diseases Hospitals

All infectious diseases requiring hospital admission were admitted to the Kendray Hospital, Barnsley. The ambulance arrangements were the same as for the previous year with the Hospital retaining its own ambulances for this service.

Maternity Hospitals

Maternity cases were usually admitted to the following Hospitals:

- 1. St. Helen Hospital, Barnsley.
- 2. Montagu Hospital, Mexborough.
- 3. Hallamshire Maternity Home, Chapeltown.
- 4. Pindar Oaks Maternity Home, Barnsley.

The services of the Jessop Hospital, Sheffield, were also available for abnormal obstetric cases.

Tuberculosis

Most patients suffering from the disease are admitted to the Wath Wood Sanatorium, and co-operation is maintained with the Chest Physician who holds out-patients' sessions at the Chest Clinic, 46 Church Street, Barnsley. Details of sessions are as follows:

Tuesday,	10-0 a.m.	, to 12-0 noon (children)
Wednesday,	10-0 a.m. 2-0 p.m.	to 12-0 noon. to 4-0 p.m.
Thursday,	10-0 a.m.	to 12-0 noon (children)
Friday,	10-0 a.m.	. to 12-0 noon.



Venereal Diseases

The nearest centre for Dodworth patients for the diagnosis and treatment of these diseases is in Barnsley.

Address:

Special Treatment Centre, Queens Road, BARNSLEY.

Other centres are situate at Sheffield, Doncaster and Rotherham, and a patient suffering from Venereal Disease is at liberty to attend at the centre of his choice. Treatment is completely confidential.

Infant Welfare Clinics and School Clinics

The new clinic, High Street, Dodworth, has proved of great benefit to the inhabitants and has been well attended. Infant Welfare Clinics are held on Tuesday afternoons: School Clinics are held as required.

Laboratory Service

The laboratory service was provided by the Public Health Laboratory in Wakefield, a national service under the control of the Medical Research Council. The laboratory is equipped to deal with all bacteriological and pathological examinations, and a complete investigation is undertaken and report furnished for every specimen sent for examination.

Samples of milk taken under the Food and Drugs Act for chemical analysis were examined by the Public Analyst at the expense of the County Council

Ambulance Service

The ambulance service is operated by the West Riding County Council. The depot for your area being at Hoyland, Telephone No. Hoyland 2112 and Hoyland 3168.



SECTION III

PREVALENCE AND CONTROL OF INFECTIOUS DISCASES

The incidence of notifiable infectious diseases in your district amounted to 19 cases, comprising of 18 cases of Measles and 1 case of primary Pneumonia.

Smallpox

No case of Smallpox was notified during the year. The number of children vaccinated against the disease amounted to 10, compared with 83 in 1962, and 9 in 1961.

Diphtheria, Whooping Cough and Tetanus

No case of any of these diseases was notified during the year. There was a marked decline in the immunisation for Diphtheria with 65.2% of all children immunised. The decline was mainly in the school age group and every effort will be made to rectify this in 1964.

Whooping Cough immunisation also showed a slight decline with 79.5% of the pre-school population immunised, compared with 85.1% in the previous year.

During the year 309 children were given a primary immunisation against Tetanus and 45 received booster doses, compared with 97 and 24 respectively in the previous year.

Poliomyelitis

No case of the disease occurred during the year. Vaccination continued and during the year 94 children, 15 others were completed with three doses. This brings the grand total in Dodworth to 1,485 of which 225 children of primary school age had received fourth doses.

Tuberculosis

There were two new cases during the year.

I am happy to report there were no deaths from the disease during the year.



TUBERCULOSIS - Record of Cases during 1963

	-	onary F	Non-Pulr M	And the Party of t
No. of cases on Register at 1st January, 1963	10		1	
No. of cases notified for the first time during the year	1	1	-	-
No. of cases restored to Register	-			-
No. of cases added to Register otherwise than by notification	1	-	-	_
No. removed to other districts	-	1	-	-
No. cured or otherwise removed from Register	-	-	-	-
No. died from Tuberculosis	-		-	-
No. died from other causes		-	-	
TOTAL at end of 1963	12	17	1	1

TUBERCULOSIS - New Cases and Mortality for the past ten years

Year				Pulmonary	CASES Non-Pulmonary		ATHS Non-Pulmonary
1001				<u>i</u> armonety	ivoli-i armonary	T CLINOTICELY	IVOIT-I GIMOTICI
1954	• •	• •	• •	4	-	-	1
1955	• •	• •	• •	-	1	-	1
1956	• •	• •	• •	3	1 =	1	-
1957	• •	• •	• •	<u>)</u>	-	pen.	-
1958		• •	• •	<u>L</u>	-	-	-
1959	• •	• •	• •	3	-	-	-
1960	• •	• •	• •	2	-	1	-
1961	• •		• •		-		-
1962		• •	• •	1	-	,,,	-
1963				2	-	-	_



SECTION IV

Annual Report of the Public Health Inspector for the year ended 31st December, 1963

To: The Chairman and Members of the Dodworth Urban District Council

Mr. Chairman, Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present my eighth annual report on the sanitary circumstances of your district for the year ended 31st December, 1963.

In presenting this report I wish to thank the Members of the Council, the Medical Officer of Health, the Clerk of the Council and other Officers for their continued support.

Housing

The Council's house building programme at Gilroyd which is extensive when compared with the size of the district, continued throughout the year. The remaining 21 houses in Phase I and 27 of Phase II were completed and occupied and 45 of these were used to rehouse occupants from clearance areas.

Phase III of 104 units which includes 58 old peoples' bungalows was approved in January, 1963. A Phase IV to link Snow Hill with Gilroyd Phase III is envisaged and this will allow an urgently required 'bus service extension to the new site. It is intended that Phase III will be used mainly for General Needs rehousing but also for clearance areas as they are confirmed.

During the year the following Clearance Areas were demolished:

Clearance Area No. 29 Strafford Colliery Yard	- 2 h	ouses
Clearance Area No. 30 Berry Houses	- 3 h	ouses
Clearance Area No. 31 Keresforth Road	- 2 h	ouses
Clearance Area No. 32 Gelder Row	- 13 h	ouses
Clearance Area No. 33 Green Road	- 12 h	ouses
Clearance Area No. 34 High Street	- 2 h	ouses
Clearance Area No. 37 Smithywood Lane	- 10 h	ouses
Lea Royd Farm & Cottage (Council owned)	- 2 h	ouses

The following clearance areas were represented in 1963:

Clearance Area No.	38 Church Hill	- 3 houses
Clearance Area No.	39 The Gate	- 6 houses
Clearance Area No.	40 High Street	- 3 houses
Clearance Area No.	41 Jermyn Croft	- 11 houses
Clearance Area No.	42 High Street	- 3 houses



Clearance Area No. 43 Church Terrace - 10 houses

Clearance Area No. 44 Smithywood Lane - 2 houses

In the case of Clearance Order Number 42 an objection was received and an enquiry held. A decision was deferred to allow the objector to further the proposals he made at the enquiry, but he later withdrew. In the case of Clearance Order No. 44 an objection was withdrawn before the enquiry was held.

The Council was very perturbed in the case of Clearance Order No. 39 when despite the fact that there were no objections the Ministry Inspector deleted, without any reference to this authority, two properties of the same age, nature, disrepair and character as the other four properties which he confirmed. I am informed that in one case he did this without gaining access to the property.

There was no private development in 1963 but applications are expected for land zoned in the Town Map which is now clear of mining subsidence.

The Council's House exchange system continued and there were 22 names on the list at the end of the year.

The Housing List contained a total of 176 applications as under:

From Lodgers	27
From Tenants	66
From Tenants from houses scheduled for demolition	12
From Aged Persons requiring Bungalows	51
From Aged Persons requiring	7 8

18 names are duplicated on the Bungalow and Flats List.

Improvement Grants

During the year 19 standard grants were approved, in comparision with 18 in 1962 and 22 in 1961. Nothing short of legislation can ensure that the country's stock of old houses will be brought up to a 1963 standard.

Council House Maintenance

The maintenance of Council Houses continued under the Council's own building department and during the year, 1,570 repair cards were returned as completed.

HOUSING STATISTICS

1. Houses in Clearance Areas and Unfit Houses Elsewhere

No. of houses included in representations made during the year.

(a) in Clearance Areas 38

(b) in individual unfit houses NIL



2.	Houses	Demolished
	110 0000	D 01110 m T D110 m

In Clearance Areas

44

Individual Unfit

2

3. Unfit Houses Closed

NIL

4. Unfit Houses made fit and houses in which defects were remedied

		By Owner	By Local Authority
	After informal action by Local Authority	12	NIL
	After Formal Notice under:		
	(a) Public Health Acts	10	NIL
	(b) Sections 9 & 16 Housi: Act, 1957	ng NIL	NIL
5.	Unfit Houses in Temporary Use		NIL
6.	Purchase of Unfit Houses by Ag	reement	NIL
7.	No. of families rehoused during Clearance Areas	g year from	45
8.	Rent Act, 1957		
	(a) No. of certificates of granted	f disrepair	NIL
	(b) No. of undertakings to received	o execute rep	pairs NIL
	(c) No. of certificates c	ancelled	NIL

9. Overcrowding

No records are available. However, from personal knowledge acquired over the last seven years there is no serious problem.

10. New Dwellings

No. of new dwellings completed during the year by:

(a) Local Authority

48

(b) Private Enterprise

NIL

11. Grants for Conversion or Improvement of Houses

		Formal applications received during the year	Applications approved during the year	Number of dwellings completed during year	
		Number of dwellings	Number of dwellings		
(a)	Conversions	NIL	NIL	NIL	
(b)	Improvement	s 19	19	20	

12. Details of Advances for purpose of acquiring or constructing houses



VERMINOUS PREMISES

No verminous houses were treated during the year.

SANITARY ACCOMMODATION

The following table shows the number and type of sanitary accommodation in the district:

No. of pail or earth closets 9

No. of houses with chemical closets NIL

No. of waste water closets or trough closets NIL

No. of houses provided with water closets 1,339

No. of houses with earth closets demolished or converted to water closets during 1962 7

Percentage of closets on the water carriage system 99%

SEVAGE DISPOSAL

The works were visited frequently by the Rivers Board Inspector, and all samples of effluent were satisfactory.

The sludge is disposed of to the tenant farmer.

The disposal works are affected by subsidence but continue to work satisfactorily.

As previously reported it will be necessary sometime in the near future to duplicate the last 400 yards to the disposal works and a scheme has been prepared. In the event of any development above Keresforth Road it will also be necessary to duplicate the sewer from No. 36 Keresforth Road to the new stormwater overflow at Water Royd, and this scheme is now also to hand.

PUBLIC CLEANSING

The collection and disposal of refuse was carried out during the year at a total cost of £3,191-13-5d. an increase of £363-9-11d. The weekly collection was maintained throughout the year.

Disposal is by means of controlled tipping in the Miners' Welfare Ground, scrap metal and waste paper being salvaged. Income from salvage amounted to £91-16-6d. a decrease of £14-2-8d. Scrap tins are no longer salvaged because of lack of market for same. About 60% of the value of material salvaged comes from scrap metal from housing repairs. The tip has a limited life and an alternative site will be required in the course of a year or so.

PUBLIC CONVENIENCES

Regular inspections were carried out at the various public conveniences in the district, and every effort was made to keep them in a clean and wholesome condition. The conveniences were again the subject of abuse by the public, damage being done mainly to the door locks, which are not to be replaced.

A new block of conveniences is being built in the centre of the new Gilroyd Housing site.



RODENT CONTROL

The total number of properties inspected and treated during the year are shown on the following table:

	1				i
	Type of Property				
	Non-A	gricultura	al		
	Local Authority	Dwelling houses	Other Premises	TOTAL	Agricul- tural
No. of properties in local Authority's district	5	1277	444	1326	16
Total number of properties inspected as a result of notification	-	16	_	16	-
No. of such properties found to be infested by: Rats: Major Minor Mice: Major Minor	- - -	- 3 - 12	- - -	- 3 - 12	- - -
Total number of properties inspected in the course of survey under the Act	5	57	8	70	8
No. of such properties found to be infested by: Rats: Major Minor Mice: Major Minor	- 2 - -	- 1 - 4	- - - -	- 3 - 4	- - - 2
Total number of properties otherwise inspected	-	117	21	138	5
No. of such properties found to be infested by: Rats: Major Minor Mice: Major Minor	- - - - -	- 2 - 4	- - - 3	- 2 - 7	- - -
Total inspections carried out including re-inspections	8	123	10	141	9
No. of infested properties treated by Local Authority	3	19	2	24	_
Total treatments carried out including re-treatments	3	7	-	10	-

Biannual sewer treatments were satisfactorily continued.

It was not necessary to serve any Notices under the Prevention

of Damage by Pests Act.

Regular inspection of the district was maintained and inspections were made at farms under the Threshing and Dismantling of Ricks Act, to ensure that all ricks were fenced during the threshing period.



COLLIERY SPOIL BANK

Water sprays and bulldozers were again used in an endeavour to restrict nuisance from the spoil bank at the Dodworth Colliery which continues to be extended under a Planning Consent.

MOVEABLE DWELLINGS

There are no moveable dwellings in the district.

ICE CREAM

Periodic inspections were carried out at the one ice cream manufactory and complaints, which were of a minor nature, made to the owner, were remedied immediately. The mix is heat treated.

There are 11 retailers selling wrapped ice cream, and one manufacturer selling both wrapped and loose.

9 samples were taken with the following results:

Grade 1 - 8

Grade 2 - 1

Grade 3 - NIL

Grade 4 - NIL

16 inspections were made to the factory and 18 to other retailers.

MEAT INSPECTION

There are now no slaughterhouses within the Urban District.

OTHER FOODS INSPECTION

NIL

FOOD PREMISES

The district has the following food shops:

Grocer/General Provisions	12
Grocer/Greengrocer/Butcher	1
Butchers	4
Licensed Premises	9
Grocer/Off Licences	3
Fried Fish Shops	4
Canteens	5
Ice Cream Factory	1
Chemist	1
Sweets and Confectionery	1

There are in addition numerous mobile shops which retail in the area.



The following premises are registered under Section 16 of the Food and Drugs Act, 1955:

Sale of Ice Cream	11
Manufacture of Ice Cream	1
Fried Fish Shops	4
Butchers	3

CLEAN AIR ACT, 1956

No action was taken during the year. The Council is a member of the West Riding Clean Air Advisory Council and attended all meetings.

SMOKE CONTROL

The Council has still to commence smoke control and with the exception of one colliery chimney the problem is totally domestic. The establishment of smoke control areas would mean the replacement of readily available cheap coal with expensive smokeless fuel with no firm guarantee of adequacy of supply.

The elimination of domestic smoke is not, however, being disregarded and all new properties are being fitted with appliances suitable for smokeless fuels.

WELFARE SCHEMES FOR OLD PROPLE

The four schemes on Council Housing Estates continued during the year in conjunction with the West Riding County Council Welfare Department. The full time warden scheme on Gilroyd Phase II is hoped to be completed early next year.

A meals-on-wheels scheme for 24 commenced in November, 1963.

FACTORIES

See Appendix.

WATER SUPPLY

Satisfactory piped water in the district with the exception of one house, is supplied by the Earnsley Corporation Waterworks Department. Samples were obtained by that Department at various times during the year and no adverse comments were received.

No samples were taken from the private supply but the house was represented as unfit and is now vacant and is to be demolished.

PUBLIC SWIMMING BATHS

NIL

COMMON LODGING HOUSES

NIL



SANITARY INSPECTION OF THE DISTRICT

The following table gives particulars of inspections carried out during the year:

Water Supply	56
Drainage	39
Sewage Disposal	22
Factories	18
Public Conveniences	12
Refuse Collection	92
Refuse Disposal	34
Spoil Bank	3
Petrol Installations	7
Survey for Slum Clearance	49
Miscellaneous Sanitary Visits	89
Interviews re. Housing	52
Surveyor Miscellaneous	98
Houses inspected under the Public Health Act	27
Visits paid to above houses	35
Houses inspected under the Housing Act	22
Visits paid to above houses	27
Mining Subsidence	12
Visits paid in connection with Housing List	60
Council House Repairs	512
No. of houses inspected (filthy or verminous premises)	NIL
Visits paid to above houses	NIL
Enquiries in connection with any infectious diseases	6
Miscellaneous I.D. visits	1
Visits to Butchers' Shops	12
Visits to Grocers	18
Visits to Ice Cream premises	34
Visits to Fishmongers	4
Visits to Food Preparing premises	20



Visits to	Greengrocers	12
Visits to	Licensed Premises	12
Visits to	Fried Fish Shops	16
Visits to Construc	New Housing Estates under tion	106
Visits to	Cemetery	21

I am, Gentlemen,

Your Obedient Servant,

R. SEEDS,

Public Health Inspector.



... FENDIX

TO THE

Annual Report of the Public Health Inspector Dodworth Urban District Council, in the County of W.R. Yorks. for the year ended 31st December, 1963

FACTORIES

No Statutory Notices were served under the Factories Act during the year, and inspections made are given on the following table:

Prescribed Particulars on the Administration of the Factories

Act, 1961

Part I of the Act

Number of

1. <u>Inspections</u>	Number on Register		Written Notices	Occupiers Prosecuted
Factories in which Sections 1, 2, 3, 4 & 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities	-	-	-	-
Factories not included in (i) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority	ne 6	14	-	-
Other premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authorit (excluding out-workers' premises)	Бу	Ž <u>į</u>	-	-
TOTAL	7	18	-	_

2. Cases in which defects were found NIL

Part VIII of the Act

3. Outwork NIL



SECTION V

	DIVISIONAL STAFF	
Divisional Medical Officer:	R. Barnes, II, M.R.C.	S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H.
Senior Assistant County Medical Officer:	E.J.Desmond, M.B. D.P. C. G. Oddy, M.B. ChB.	
Assistant County Medical Officer	S.G.A. Henriques, M.B.,	Ch.B.
Clinic Medical Officers:	Dr. C.B. Ball	Dr. K. Mathers
	Dr. J. Byrne	Dr. W.G.S. Maxwell
	Dr. D.J. Fairclough	Dr. M. Scott
	Dr. H.W. Gothard	Dr. M.E. Tapissier
	Dr. G. Ingram	Dr. L. Taylor
		Dr. J.W. Whitworth
Divisional Nursing Officer:	Mrs. C. Dyson	
Health Visitors:	(Res. Aug. 1963) D. Dyson (Mrs) (App. July 1963) D. Gibson (Mrs)	G.M. Lodge (Mrs) F.A. Manley (Mrs) D.M. Parry (Mrs) C. Totty (Mrs) M. Tullie (Mrs) D. Westerman (Miss) A.M. Widdison (Mrs)
Tuberculosis Health Visitor:	E. Beever (Mrs)	
Clinic Nurses:	E. Brennan (Mrs) P.M. Hayes (Mrs) (App. Dec. 1963)	D. Hodgson (Mrs) J. Woodcock (Mrs)
Midwives:	S.E.Aitken (Miss) (App Aug. 1963) B. Bailey (Miss) B. Burtoft (Mrs) C.M. Dempsey (Mrs) B. Fitzpatrick (Mrs) M. Hammerton (Miss) B. Horsfiold (Mrs) I.L. Jones (Mrs)	I. O. Kilner (Mrs) (Res. Aug 1963) B. Lounds (Mrs) D. Newton (Mrs) A.C. Senior (Miss) E.A. Staley (Mrs) M. Walters (Mrs) L. Wilson (Mrs) M. Wroe (Mrs)
Home Nurses:	M. Allen (Mrs) (Res. Feb. 1963) M. Bexon (Mrs) V. Beech (Mrs) H. Biegalski (Mrs) E. Brookes (Mrs) F. Cartwright (Mrs) B. Chapman (Miss)	E. Cross (Mrs) R. Edwards (Mrs) K.M. Hanson (Mrs) M. Jarvis (Mrs) (App. March 1963) M. McConnell (Mrs) H. Padgett (Mrs) B. Parker (Mrs) C. Wilson (Mrs)
Mental Welfare Officers:	Mrs. M. Whiteley (Res. Aug. 1963) Mr. J. Armitage	Mr. B. Whiteley (App. Dec. 1963)
Sneech Theranist.	Mma S Holmoa	

Speech Therapist:

Senior Clerk:

Mrs. S. Holmes

Mr. L. S. Wrigg



DIVISIONAL REPORT

Vital Statistics

A table of comparable vital statistics is shown for each of the County districts in the division. This may be of interest to each authority in assessing how each stand in relation to each other and in relation to the County and National statistics.

Births

The number of live births registered in the area in 1963 was 1341 compared with 1335 in 1962. This is equivalent to a crude birth rate of 18.1 per 1000, compared with 17.4 per 1000 in the previous year. The number of illegitimate births was 62 as against 49 in 1962, and this gives a figure representing 4.4% of the total births compared with 3.6% in the previous year.

Stillbirths

There were 33 stillbirths during the year, compared with 25 in the previous year. This gives a stillbirth rate of 23.0 compared with 18.4 in 1962 and with 17.3 for England and Wales.

Deaths

The deaths assigned to the division after the addition and subtraction of inward and outward transfers, was 864 which was 68 more than in the previous year. This gives a crude death rate for the division of 11.1 compared with 10.4 in 1962. You will see in the table that this is lower than any figure for individual districts. This is because the other districts show adjusted rates, and unfortunately no adjusted rate is available for the division.

Infant Deaths and perinatal mortality rate

There were 41 infant deaths in the division during the year of which 27 occurred in the neonatal period. This compares with 23 and 14 respectively in 1962. These figures represent an infant mortality rate for the division in 1963 of 29.2, as compared with 16.2 for the previous year and 20.9 for England and Wales. Although we may expect fluctuations from year to year, this is a very real increase and must be regarded with some concern. The biggest relative increase is in deaths from broncho-pneumonia and congenital causes. This latter group is varied and there is no suggestion of any increase in any single congenital defect, such as occurred in the Thalidimide tragedy.

The perinatal mortality rate for the division stands at 37.6 compared with 31.1 for the administrative county.



ENGLAND & WALES	RATES FOR THE ADMIN. COUNTY	RATES FOR THE DIVISION	WORSEROUGH	WOMBWFILL	ROYSTON	DODWORTH	DARTON	DARFIELD	CUDWORTH	DISTRICT
		19061	34.20	3850	1452	1857	4718	2018	1746	ACRES
	1696220	77550	15180	19120	8590	4110	14500	6910	0416	REGISTRAR GENERAL'S ESTIMATE OF POPULATION MID 1963
18,2	18,3	18.1 (crude)	15.9	20.9	18.2	14.7	15.9	16.6	16.1	ADJUSTED BIRTH RATE PER 1000 POP
12.2	13.3	ll.l (crude)	16.1	14.2	16.9	12.7	11.9	13.1	15.3	ADJUSTED DEATH RATE PER 1000
17.3	18.7	23.0	7.6	27.3	22.7	59.7	21.0	31.0	18.6	STILL- BIRTH RATE
20,9	23.0	29.2	30.8	33.2	5.8	31.7	8.6	48.0	57.0	DEATH
Not Available	31.1	37.6	22.9	447	28.4	89.6	21.0	46.5	49.7	PER INATAL MORTALITY RATE



Maternal Mortality

There was one death during the year attributable to maternal causes. Investigation did not reveal that this was in any way preventable. The maternal mortality rate for the division was 0.70 compared with 0.50 for the administrative county and with 0.28 for England and Wales.

TABLE SHOWING CAUSES OF INFANT DEATHS

CAUSE	Under 1 week	l - 2 weeks	2 - 3 weeks	3 - 4 weeks	TOTAL under 4 weeks	1 - 3 months	3 - 6 months	6 - 9 months	9 - 12 months	TOTAL
Prenaturity	13				13					13
Congenital	5	4	1		10	2	1	1		14
Bronchopneumonia	1				ı	3	2	2		8
Misadventure							1			1.
Haemalytic disease	1				1					1
Cerebral Haemorrhag	e 1				1.					1.
Renal Vein Thrombosis		1			1					1.
Meningitis						1		1		2
TOTAL	21	5	1.		27	6	24	4		41



Smallpox Vaccination

The number of children vaccinated against the disease fell sharply during the year. This was expected as the figures for 1962 contained the children who were subjected to panic measures, due to the proximity of cases in Bradford. Nevertheless, it was not expected that the number vaccinated would be so low in relation to 1961, which was a 'normal' year. There were 554 children vaccinated in 1961, 1,516 in 1962, and only 218 in 1963. The table below shows the comparison.

District	No. Vaccinated 1962	No. Vaccinated 1963
Cudworth	128	. 7
Darfield	160	l _l J _t ,
Darton	538	30
Dodworth	83	10
Royston	221	61,
Wombwell	172	39
Worsbrough	214	24
Total	1516	218

Diphtheria and Whooping Cough Immunisation

Comment has been made in the district portion of the report on the general state of immunity of each individual area. In general there has been a very slight decline in the state of immunity against Whooping Cough, and there has been a further decline in the level of immunity against Diphtheria with 72.3% of the under 15 population protected compared with 76.8% in the previous year.

District	Whooping Cough		Dipht	heria Immunisa	tion
	Immuni 0 - 4	sation Years	Years 0 - 1 5	Years 0 - 4	Years 5 - 15
	No.	%		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Cudworth	684	78.0	77.3	71.0	80.5
Darfield	448	66.4	83.8	66,4	94.8
Darton	827	70.9	70.0	65.3	72.5
Dodworth	263	79.5	65.2	79.5	60.0
Royston	581	82.0	93.6	89.5	95.5
Wombwell	859	51.4	66.3	54.8	73.0
Worsborough	815	61.0	63.0	61.0	69,2
TOTAL	44.77	66,2	72.3	65 . 6	74.9



Tetanus Immunisation

Active immunisation against Tetanus has been steadily increasing over the past few years. This has two benefits, firstly it protects the patient against tetanus, and secondly it does away with the need for anti-tetanic serum, if the person is injured. The latter often gives rise to reactions and no doctor really likes to give it unless it is strictly necessary. It is important that parents should keep a record of when their children were immunised against tetanus for this reason. The following table shows the marked increase in immunisation between 1962 and 1963:

District		.sed against luring 1962	No. immunised against Tetanus during 1963		
	Primary	Booster	Primary	Booster	
Cudworth	153	43	214	96	
Darfield	105	42	563	29	
Darton	225	53	280	99	
Dodworth	97	24	309	45	
Royston	1 55		266	113	
Wombwell	281	98	3.755	92	
Worsbrough	235	58	915	125	
Total	1251	373	4302	599	

Polionyelitis Vaccination

Vaccination against polionyelitis continued during the year, though not at such a high rate as hitherto. The Sabin oral vaccine was used exclusively by the health department. During the year 1,696 persons were vaccinated with three doses making a total of 30,504 people vaccinated since the inception of the scheme. In addition to this 703 fourth doses were given as shown in the table.

District	Vaccinated previous to 31.12.62	Vaccinated during 1963	Total
Cudworth	361	14	375
Darfield	603	220	823
Darton	686	121	807
Dodworth	221	4	225
Royston	457	117	574
Wonbwell	874	173	1047
Worsborough	792	54	846
Total	3994	703	4697

Table showing fourth doses



POLIOMYELITIS VACCINATION 1963 (COMPLETED WITH THREE DOSES)

TOTAL	N. С. В.	BARNSLEY SCHOOLS	WOI 3BOROUGH	WOM 3WELL	ROYSTON	DODWORTH	DARTON	DARFIELD	CUDWORTH	7 + 7 CF + 1 C C	District
19,802	105	359	4,343	4,934	1,860	1,031	3,265	1,785	2,120	Children	Posit
6287	1627	48	660	944;	654	247	759	734	4119	Young Persons	Position at 31st December 1962
2719	6	i	506	449	441	98	385	211	623	Others	t December
28,808	1,738	407	5,509	6,327	2,955	1,376	4,409	2,730	3,357	Total	r 1962
1411			244	315	158	94	235	196	169	Children	Сол
146			27	17	48	vi	16	16	17	Young Persons	Completed during 1963
139			21	22	24	10	35	6	21	Others	ing 1963
1696			292	354.	230	109	286	218	207	Total	
21213	105	359	4,587	5249	2018	1125	3500	1981	2289	Children	To
6433	1627	4.8	687	961	702	252	775	750	631	Young Persons	Total at the
2858	6	1	527	471	465	108	420	217	64,4	Others	e end of 1963
30,504	1,738	407	5,801	6,681	3,185	1,485	4,695	2,948	3,564	Total	1363



SCHOOL MEALTH SERVICE

This service continued through the year. There was again a gap in the service in part of the division, when Dr. Desmond left in October and Dr. Oddy arrived in December. The number of children examined rose, because in fact this gap was not as long as that which occurred in the previous year. The number of children seen at specialist clinics, and at school doctors clinics remained relatively constant.

SCHOOL DOCTORS' AND SPECIALIST CLINIC ATTENDANCES

DISTRICT	Opthalmic	Ear, Nose & Throat	Paediatric	Orthopaedic	Child Guidance	School Doctor
Cudworth	133	40	2	64	36	188
Darfield	75	31	-	16	6	22
Darton	218	78	-	53	9	151
Dodworth	38	2 _t .	-	10	2	11
Royston	122	19	-	15	-	129
Wombwell	294	·38	10	11	45	72
Worsbrough	157	32	13	24	40	62

MANTOUX TESTING OF SCHOOL ENTRANTS

This scheme was continued through 1963, and a total of six children were found to be positive reactors. All of these children were positive because they had been given B.C.G. Vaccination in early life, because of some contact with the disease. Although this kind of result is not very exciting, it satisfied us that the amount of unknown disease in the community is minimal.

MANTOUX TESTING RESULTS

DISTRICT	N. of children Offered	Number Accepting	No. Positive because of B.C.G.	Total Positive
Cudworth	161	130	3	3
Darfield	45	39	1	1
Darton	217	184	1	1
Royston	161	126		-
Wombwell	46	39	-	
Worsbrough	235	191	1	1
Total	865	709	6	6



SUMMARY OF CHILDREN EXAMINED AND DEFECTS FOUND

TOTAL	BARNSLEY	WORSBROUGH 796	WOMBRELL	ROYSTON	DODWORTH	DARTON	DARFIELD	CUDWORTH		District
4261	124	班 796	819	579	188	722	357	676	ractory	Number Satis-
4	ı	 -	2	1	l	Н	1		ractory	Number Unsatis-
188	10	19	37	28	7	4-3	15	29	Treat	
332	27	15	24	72	6	98	+	86	Obser- vation	EYE
106	ı	29	18	ω	6	23	TO	12	Treat- ment	
358	7	70	66	78	13	53	75	56	Obser- vation	H.N.T.
10	ţ	1	2	 1	H	3	<u> </u>	Н	Treat- ment	
1+3	+	9	1.1	4	2	4	3	6	Obser- vation	HEART
12	l	3	4	2	1	ı	ı	2	Treat- ment	
62	₽	16	15	œ	3	5	!	14	Obser- vation	LUNGS
30	[1	3	6	3	+	6	H	6	Treat- ment	ORTI
65	۲	16	17	2	11	ن ن	3	10	Obser- vation	ORTHOPAEDIC
86	Vi	υ, 14	16	11	2	17	3	20	Treat- ment	
221	· []	29	72	27	S	36	4	39	Obser- vation	OTHER



MIDWIFERY AND MATERNITY SERVICES

The number of cases attended by domiciliary midwives was 609 compared with 630 in the previous year. There were 814 institutional confinements compared with 742 during 1962. The proportion of patients receiving some form of analgesia rose by 5% in the year under review to 88.3%. The trend towards using Trilene instead of gas and air continued. In 1963 only 30 patients had gas and air compared with 50 in 1962, and compared with 205 in 1961.

Pethidine alone	••••	• •	••	52
Gas & Air alone	••••	••	• •	27
Gas & Air & Pethidine		• •	• •	7
Trilene alone		• •	• •	189
Trilene & Pethidine	•• ••	••	• •	263
				trustrostros
	Total			538
				TOUR LABOUR

ANTENATAL CLINICS

There was again a slight fall in the number of attendances made at Antenatal clinics run by the West Riding County Council. This decline was again in favour of those clinics in which the General Practitioner sees his own patients, mostly in our clinics under an arrangement envisaged in the Cranbrook committee report.

During the year 379 women made 2,253 attendances at official clinics, compared with 494 women who made 2,361 attendances in the previous year. The relaxation and Health Education clinics thrived very well during the year and 1342 attendances were made at such clinics compared with 762 in the previous year.

ATTENDANCES AT RELAXATION CLINICS

CLINIC	No. of	Number of attendances							
	sessions held	By institutionally bcoked patients	By domiciliary booked patients	Total					
Cudworth	20	35	52	87					
Darfield	39	57	181	238					
Darton	40	164	109	273					
Dodworth	,	-	e++	-					
Royston	42	65	109	174					
Wombwell	46	348	97	445					
Worsbrough	42	75	50	125					
Total	229	744	598	1342					



INFANT WELFARE CLINICS

Attendances at Infant Welfare Clinics in the division declined slightly, but on the other hand the number of children attending rose slightly. During 1963, 3,703 children made 38,744 attendances, compared with 1962, when 3337 children made 40,660 attendances.

During the year the number of attendances fell to 2,480, a decrease of 300 compared with the figure for 1962, which was itself higher than the previous year. 284 children attended, compared with 271 in the previous year.

Health Visiting

The total number of effective visits carried out by the Health Visiting and allied staffs amounted to 40,861, an increase of just over 6,000 compared with 1962. The table below shows the work carried out in some detail. There was a very slight falling off in the number of visits paid under the age of 5 years, and any tendency in this direction is to be regretted. The amount of teaching carried out in secondary schools remained exactly the same, and I regret that I cannot see any significant increase in this until more staff are recruited. This service is of paramount importance and is capable of being vastly expanded. I am pleased to report that the number of ineffective visits again fell so that they represent 4.9% of the total compared with 7.4% in 1962 and 11.2% in 1961.

	Visits to children born in 1963	Visits to children born in 1962	Visits to children born in 1958-61	Total visits under 5	Ceriatric other than for domest-ic help	Total
Effective Visits	6238	5538	7780	195 56	3195	40,861
No Áccess Visits	594	418	439	1451	89	2,027

In addition to the work carried out above, a great deal of Health Education work was carried out in formal groups. The equivalent of 38 half days were spent in lecturing clubs and 107 equivalent in schools. The scheme of testing all babies for Phenylketonuria was continued, and during the year 1355 babies were tested all of whom proved negative. In addition to this the Ortolari test was carried out wherever possible, and this led to the detection of unstable hip joints in four babies. These were referred to the consultant orthopaedic surgeon and promptly treated with the consent of the family doctor.



HOME NURSING CARRIED OUT DURING 1963

TOTAL	WORS BROUGH	WOMBWELL	ROYSTON	DODWOI TH	DARTON	DARFIELD	CUDWORTH	District	
1499	267	439	143	77	220	112	24.1	No. of Cases	Total
808	14.7	260	88	53	109	66	85	of ar	No. of cases
36077	5919	10914	4635	3040	6885	2176	2508	Medical	
4343	551	853	295	51	783	263	1547	Surgical	
7-7	1	17	ţ	25	l	1	5	Infectious Disease	VISITS MADE
467	ł	159	1	1	24.2	1	66	Tuberculosis	MADE
121	9	51	 1	1	TO	\sqrt{5}	45	Maternal Complications	
65	63	ı	8	ı	1	1	2	Other	
41120	6542	11994	4931	3116	7920	2444	4173	TOTAL	



HOME NURSING

There was an increase in the amount of work carried out by the Home Nursing service during the year, when 41,120 visits were made compared with 40,143 in 1962. The largest increase was in visits to medical cases, this amounting to nearly two thousand. There was also a substantial increase in the number of visits to tuberculosis cases where 467 visits were made compared with 320 in the previous year. 54% of the patients were over the age of 65, compared with 55% in 1962.

LOAN OF EQUIPMENT

This service was continued and issues again showed a slight increase on those made in the previous year.

		No. of issues		No. of issues
Bedding - blankets	• •	21	Mattresses	62
pillors	• •	16	Pressure rings	79
pillowcases	• •	28	Rubber Sheets	210
sheets	• •	42:-	Urinal Bottles	132
Bed Cradles	• •	32	Crutches	24
Bed pans	• •	198	Walking Aids	31
Bedsteads with pole	• •	18	Wheel Chairs - Adult	53
Bedsteads other	• •	21	Wheel Chairs - Junior	9
Commodes	• •	63	Adult Cot	3
Cusions Dunlopillo		7	Draw Sheets	53
Fracture Boards	• •	6	Feeding Cups	5
Bed Rests		94.		

Chiropody

The number of patients treated under this service rose during the year, but there was very little increase in the number of treatments actually carried out. This was probably due in the main to a period of sickness suffered by one of the chiropodist. I must again draw attention to the high proportion of patients receiving domociliary treatment. This is a service which is expensive to give and only housebound persons should be receiving it.

I am becoming increasingly conscious that the service is essentially a palliative one in its present form. I know that it is much appreciated by the elderly, but I feel that it is high time that it was extended to include schoolchildren, strictly in association with the school health service. I am sure that this would only increase the work by a small percentage, but it would bring the service into the truly preventive field.



*	\Box	
F	T.	
#	ij	
ŧ	റ്	
B	Ť	
	${}^{\circ}$	
Ĭ		
ğ	, ,	
No.		
SCHOOL SECTION	~~	
No. of Contention	מ	
STATE OF THE PERSONS ASSESSED.	SEES	
S. S. Serve Schreibuch	SERV	
SATISFIED IN THE PERSONNEL PROPERTY.	SERVI	
controling a series and a series of the seri	SERVICE	

DIVISIONAL	WORSBROUGH	MOMBMETT	ROYSTON	DODWORTH	DARTON	D/RFIELD	CUDWORTH	1.Rel
23.4	17.9	20.7	32.4	37.0	21.9	34.4	15.4	% of pensioners receiving treatment
839	175	150	14.3	74	143	101	53	No, of sessions held
154.8	214	356	274	149	268	183	104	NO. OF P.9 IN CLINIC Pensioners
4.2	3	8	o	2	16	4	3	OF PITIENTS TREATED LINIC OR SURGERY ioners Physically Handicapped
Si	1	1	2	ı	S	1	\$	E N
6578	1359	1163	1113	607	1034	895	407	NO. OF TREATMENTS CARRIED OUT IN CLINIC OR SURGERY Pensioners Physic
166	23	30	13	11	56	18	15	ally apped
0.0	1	1	4	ı	0,	8	ı	E
608	86	101	97	42	125	90T	51.	NO. OF PATIENTS TREATED AT HOME Pension- Physic ers Handic
32	5	W	5	}~• 1	10	6	2	MI HOME Physically Handicapped
` 2142	316	324	364	147	574	4 63	254	1
105	15	H	<u> </u>	+	25	÷ 31	13	NO. OF TRE/IMENTS CRRIED OUT AT HOME Physically ers Handicapped



HOME HELP SERVICE

The home help service was again provided mainly for the elderly and the proportion of hours expended in this category was 89.4%, almost excatly the same as for the previous year. The number of households assisted during the year showed a slight decline to 869. This is a very unusual trend but perhaps a truer comparison would be that at the end of 1963, 739 households were being assisted weekly compared with 709 at the end of the previous year. The total number of hours received rose slightly to 140,632 compared with 136,180 in the previous year. The small table shows the analysis of cases and hours during 1963, and the large table shows the growth of the service over the past ten years.

Category	N	Number of Cases					
	From previous year	New Cases	Total	EMPLOYED			
0ver 65	640	122	762	125706			
Under 65- Chronic sic	k 55	19	74	11458			
Mentally Disordered	-	3	3	321			
Maternity	1	8	9	472			
Others	14	7	21	2675			
TOTAL	710	159	869	140632			



(

7.2%	3.9	4.4	3.9	6.4	738	581	4,06	224	DIVISIONAL TOTAL
6.6%	4.0	4.7	6.4	6.0	121	91	662	41	WORSBROUGH
7.2%	3.5	4.1	3.8	5.1	174	Ψ5	95	53	WOMBWELL
7.7%	3.9	3.9	3.5	. 10.3	103	65	492	142	ROYSTON
7.5%	5•3	4.0	0.0	6.6	4.1	30	19	9	DODWOI TH
6.1%	3.5	3.9	5. 9	6.1	120	107	77	47	DARTON
. 0%	4.9	4.9	3.8	6.8	89	68	40 1	28	DARFIELD
8.3%	3.6	4.0	3.5	7.0	90	75	58 <u>1</u>	31 <u>4</u>	CUDWORTH
pensioners receiving help in 1963	Late 1964	Late 1960	Late 1957	Early 1954	Late 1963	Late 1960	Late 1957	Early 1954	DISTRICT
Percentage of	/case	number of hours/case	- 1	Average	Average number of cases/week	r of car	ge numbe	Avera	The property of the property o



MENTAL HEALTH SERVICE

A. Cases ascertained to be mentally sub-normal:

				Under 16 yrs.	Over 16 yrs.
i.	Local Education Authority a. While at school or liable to attend school b. On leaving special school c. On leaving ordinary school	• • •	0 • • • • •	10 - 4	<u>-</u> -
ii.	Police or by the Courts	•••	•••	***	1
iii.	Other sources (transfer from othe districts, re-ascertainments, etc		•••	-	2
				14	3

B. Particulars of cases removed from Register during 1963:

					М.	F.	М.	F.
i.	By reason of death	•••	• •••	• • •		-	-	•••
ii.	Reclassified	• • • • • •		• • •		-		-
	Removal to hospitals				1	-	1	1
iv.	Transfer to other dis	stricts	• • •	• • •		-	1	1
					Margarita ar Similar	un de la compansión de la		Manage and collected
					1	-	2	2
					Bringing College		-	and the same of th

C. Particulars of Cases on the Register at 31st December, 1963:

Care and Guidance 19 17 96 106

Training Facilities for mentially sub-normal patients:

During the year these facilities were completely re-organised when the adult wing opened in July at Wombwell. This means that we have a training centre capable of training patients from 3 or 4 years old right through to industrial work. It may in future be possible to train some of the patients to take their place in industry, but even for those less fortunate it is hoped to provide sheltered employment for many years to come. The re-organised centre catered for 25 Juniors (15 males and 10 females) and 58 adults (27 males and 31 females). This re-organisation enabled the junior centre to take some younger children and thus begin even younger social training. I am sure the benefits of this will be felt in the years to come.

Already by the end of the year the adults were beginning to do work on a contract basis for County Supplies. It is hoped to extend this to a greater range of work and a greater number of sources.



Accommodation

8 sub-normal patients were admitted for short-stay accommodation, which was appreciated by the parents. 6 patients were admitted to permanent care during the year.

Psychiatric Service

The following table shows admissions to mental hospitals during 1963:

Hospital	Patients under 65	Patients over 65
Storthes Hall	51	5
Stanley Royd	6	9
Retreat, York	-	1
TOTAL	57	15

¹³ new after-care cases were referred to the service.



TOTALS MALE FEMALE OVER 16 yrs. OVER 16 yrs. UNDER 16 yrs. UNDER 16 yrs. Age Groups Training Centre 83 15 27 10 31 the Home Assisting in 13 35 48 Working 53 18 口 trained because of physical disability Unable to be 18 9 W 6 place refused Training Centre 15 20 Į S Still at School ł <u>|--</u> μ 105 Total 24,1 104 4 18

DISTRIBUTION OF MENTALLY HANDICAPPED





